UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported) December 20, 2024

1	1 /	,
Carnival Corporation		Carnival plc
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)		(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
Republic of Panama		England and Wales
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)		(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)
001-9610		001-15136
(Commission File Number)		(Commission File Number)
59-1562976		98-0357772
(IRS Employer Identification No.)		(IRS Employer Identification No.)
3655 N.W. 87th Avenue Miami, Florida 33178-2428		Carnival House, 100 Harbour Parade Southampton SO15 1ST, United Kingdom
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)		(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)
(305) 599-2600		011 44 23 8065 5000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)		(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
None		None
(Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)		(Former name, former address, if changed since last report.)
Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is int following provisions:	tended to simultaneously satisfy th	e filing obligation of the registrants under any of the
\square Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the S	ecurities Act (17 CFR 230.425)	
☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exc	hange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)	
☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d	d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17	CFR 240.14d-2(b))
☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e	e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17	CFR 240.13e-4(c))
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:		
Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock (\$0.01 par value)	CCL	New York Stock Exchange, Inc.
Ordinary Shares each represented by American Depository Shares (\$1.66 par value) Special Voting Share, GBP 1.00 par value and Trust Shares of beneficial interest in the P&O Princess Special Voting Trust	CUK	New York Stock Exchange, Inc.
1.000% Senior Notes due 2029	CUK29	New York Stock Exchange LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrants are emerging growth companies as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2) of this chapter).
Emerging growth companies □
If emerging growth companies, indicate by check mark if the registrants have elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Section 2 - Financial Information

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On December 20, 2024, Carnival Corporation & plc issued a press release entitled "<u>CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLC OUTPERFORMS</u> <u>FOURTH QUARTER GUIDANCE</u>, <u>REPORTS RECORD FULL YEAR OPERATING RESULTS AND EXPECTS 20 PERCENT EARNINGS</u> <u>GROWTH IN 2025</u>." A copy of this press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this report. This information shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not incorporated by reference into any filing of either Carnival Corporation or Carnival plc, whether made before or after the date of this report, regardless of any general incorporation language in the filing.

Section 9 - Financial Statements and Exhibits

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit 99.1 Press release, dated December 20, 2024 (furnished pursuant to Item 2.02).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each of the registrants has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

CARNIVAL CORPORATION

CARNIVAL PLC

 By:
 /s/ David Bernstein
 By:
 /s/ David Bernstein

 Name:
 David Bernstein
 Name:
 David Bernstein

 Title:
 Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer
 Title:
 Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer

Date: December 20, 2024 Date: December 20, 2024

CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLC OUTPERFORMS FOURTH QUARTER GUIDANCE, REPORTS RECORD FULL YEAR OPERATING RESULTS AND EXPECTS 20 PERCENT EARNINGS GROWTH IN 2025

Expects to hit 2026 SEA Change EBITDA target one year early

MIAMI (December 20, 2024) - Carnival Corporation & plc (NYSE/LSE: CCL; NYSE: CUK) announced financial results for the fourth quarter and full year 2024 and provided an outlook for the first quarter and full year 2025.

Key Highlights

- Full year revenues hit an all-time high of \$25 billion, over 15 percent higher than the prior year, with continued strength in demand.
- Full year net income of \$1.9 billion; adjusted net income of \$1.9 billion outperforms September guidance by over \$130 million.
- Record full year adjusted EBITDA1 of \$6.1 billion, over 40 percent higher than the prior year.
- Record full year operating income of \$3.6 billion, over 80 percent higher than the prior year.
- Adjusted return on invested capital¹ ("ROIC") of 11 percent.
- Record fourth quarter revenues of \$5.9 billion, 10 percent higher than prior year, delivering record adjusted EBITDA.
- Cumulative advanced booked position for full year 2025 is at an all-time high for both price (in constant currency) and occupancy.
- Adjusted EBITDA per available lower berth¹ ("ALBD") for 2025 expected to be the highest in almost two decades, achieving 2026 SEA
 Change target one year in advance.

"This has been an incredibly strong finish to a record year. Revenues hit an all-time high driven by a strong demand environment that we elevated throughout the year, enabling us to outperform our initial 2024 guidance by \$700 million and deliver nearly \$2 billion more to the bottom line, year over year," commented Carnival Corporation & plc's Chief Executive Officer Josh Weinstein. "The progress was broad based as we drove strong pricing in 2024 as compared to 2023 across our major cruise lines and trades."

"We are delivering long-term value for our shareholders through improved operational execution across our brands, essentially on a same ship basis. We ended 2024 with adjusted ROIC of 11 percent, comfortably above our cost of capital. In fact, with one year down, we're already over 80 percent of the way toward achieving our 2026 SEA Change EBITDA and adjusted ROIC targets," Weinstein continued.

According to Weinstein, there is even more in store to continue the momentum as the company is actively working on an enhanced destination strategy to provide guests with yet another reason to take a cruise vacation offered exclusively by Carnival Corporation & plc's portfolio of cruise lines. The company is also working to increase awareness and consideration for cruise travel globally.

"2025 is shaping up to be another banner year, with yield growth expected to far outpace historical growth rates and again exceed unit cost growth, thanks to the efforts of our amazing team members. They have delivered a step-change improvement in 2024 which sets us up for a fantastic 2025 and beyond, while delivering unforgettable happiness to over 13.5 million guests last year," Weinstein noted.

Fourth Quarter 2024 Results

- Net income was \$303 million, or \$0.23 diluted EPS, versus a net loss of \$48 million in 2023. Adjusted net income of \$186 million, or \$0.14 adjusted EPS¹, outperformed September guidance by \$126 million, driven by higher ticket prices, higher onboard spending and improved costs.
- Record fourth quarter adjusted EBITDA of \$1.2 billion was 29 percent higher than 2023 and outperformed September guidance by \$80 million.
- Record fourth quarter revenues of \$5.9 billion, exceeded 2023 levels by 10 percent.
 - Gross margin yields exceeded 2023 levels by 20 percent. Record net yields¹ (in constant currency) exceeded 2023 levels by 6.7 percent and were better than September guidance.
 - Gross margin per diems were 19 percent higher than 2023. Record net per diems¹ (in constant currency) were 5.3 percent higher than 2023 with both ticket prices and onboard spending up.
- Cruise costs per ALBD increased 4.1 percent compared to 2023. Adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD¹ (in constant currency) increased 7.4 percent compared to 2023 and were better than September guidance.

¹ See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" at the end of this release for additional information.

• Total customer deposits reached a fourth quarter record of \$6.8 billion, surpassing the previous fourth quarter record of \$6.4 billion (as of November 30, 2023), reflecting growth in both ticket prices and pre-cruise onboard sales.

Bookings

Even with less inventory available, booking volumes taken during the fourth quarter of 2024 for 2025 were higher than the prior year for a strong 2024, despite the traditionally slower period around the election. Booking volumes taken during the fourth quarter for 2026 continued to break records, reflecting sustained demand even for further out sailings.

"Our brands effectively capitalized on their ongoing strength in demand, achieving higher prices (in constant currency) than last year and reinforcing our record-breaking booked position. In fact, with nearly two-thirds of 2025 already booked, we are expecting another year of strong yield improvement, outpacing historical growth rates and on top of two back-to-back years of mid-to-high single digit per diem growth. This validates the success of our demand generation efforts on our optimized portfolio," Weinstein noted.

The cumulative advanced booked position for full year 2025 is at an all-time high for both price (in constant currency) and occupancy. Price (in constant currency) and occupancy are higher than 2024 for all four quarters of 2025.

2025 Outlook

For the full year 2025, the company expects:

- Net yields (in constant currency) approximately 4.2 percent higher than record 2024 levels based on continued strength in demand.
- Adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD (in constant currency) up approximately 3.7 percent compared to 2024, in part due to higher dry-dock days, higher advertising expense and operating costs for the company's new exclusive destination, Celebration Key.
- Adjusted net income of approximately \$2.3 billion, over 20 percent higher than 2024.
- Adjusted EBITDA of approximately \$6.6 billion, up approximately \$500 million compared to 2024. Adjusted EBITDA per ALBD to reach its 2026 SEA Change target one year in advance.
- Adjusted ROIC of approximately 11.7 percent.

See "Guidance" and "Reconciliation of Forecasted Data" for additional information on the company's 2025 outlook.

Financing and Capital Activity

"With the benefit of well managed near term maturity towers and improved leverage metrics, we expect to opportunistically capitalize on improved interest rates while proactively managing our maturity towers for 2027 and beyond. In 2025, interest expense is currently expected to be over \$200 million lower than 2024 and over \$500 million lower compared to 2023," commented Carnival Corporation & plc's Chief Financial Officer David Bernstein.

"We are laser focused on continuing our efforts to further reduce interest expense and rebuilding an investment grade balance sheet. Just this year, we achieved a 4.3x net debt to adjusted EBITDA¹ ratio, nearly a two and a half turn improvement from 2023, positioning us three-fourths of the way to our initial leverage target," Bernstein added.

During 2024, the company made debt prepayments of \$3.3 billion, bringing its total prepayments to \$7.3 billion since the beginning of 2023. In addition, the company has reduced its debt balance by over \$8 billion from its peak in January 2023, ending the year with \$27.5 billion of debt. As of November 30, 2024, the company's debt maturities for full year 2025 and 2026 are \$1.5 billion and \$2.7 billion.

During the quarter, the company obtained three new export credit facilities, bringing its total committed financings related to ship deliveries to \$7.8 billion, continuing its strategy to finance its newbuild program at preferential interest rates.

Sustainability

The company continues to achieve meaningful progress towards its sustainability goals. In 2024, the company:

- Reduced its absolute greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions from ship fuel by approximately 11 percent as compared to its peak year of 2011, despite
 capacity growth of nearly 37 percent over the same period.
- Reached 85 percent of its GHG emission intensity goal, on track to achieve more than a 20 percent reduction by the end of 2026 compared to 2019, a goal that was previously pulled forward by four years.

¹ See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" at the end of this release for additional information.

- Now leads the industry with ten LNG powered ships and nearly 20 percent of its fleet capacity, following the delivery of Sun Princess.
- Continued to have the most ships in the industry capable of plugging into shore power and now more than two-thirds of its ships are equipped with shore power capability.
- Delivered 44 percent reduction in food waste per person relative to its 2019 baseline, surpassing its interim goal one year ahead of schedule and approaching its 2030 goal to reduce food waste by 50 percent.

Other Recent Highlights

- Sun Princess, Princess Cruises' newest ship, recognized as the Best Mega Cruise Ship in the United States by Condé Nast Traveler's 2024 Readers' Choice Awards (learn more here).
- Carnival Cruise Line earned top honors in multiple categories of the 2024 Travel Weekly Readers' Choice Awards, including Best Short Itinerary
 for the third consecutive year, Best Domestic Cruise Line for the ninth consecutive year and Best Travel Advisor Loyalty Program (learn more
 here).
- Seabourn was honored with a total of 45 travel awards and accolades in 2024 (learn more here), including Condé Nast Traveler's 2024 Readers' Choice Awards as the Best Small-Ship Cruise Line and Best Expedition Cruise Line (learn more here).
- Princess Cruises launched its new global advertising campaign bringing back the magic of "The Love Boat," featuring Hannah Waddingham of Ted Lasso fame (learn more here). Princess Cruises reported record-breaking bookings for the Black Friday through Cyber Monday weekend period, 32 percent higher than the same period in 2023 (learn more here).
- Half Moon Cay, the award-winning exclusive island in The Bahamas known for its naturally beautiful beaches and crystal-clear waters, renamed
 to 'RelaxAway, Half Moon Cay' in support of its enhancements and the experience guests can expect when immersed in this tropical paradise
 (learn more here).
- P&O Cruises (UK) announced it will be the headline sponsor of the Pride of Britain Awards in 2025, the biggest show of its kind on British television (learn more here).
- Cunard was named Walpole's British Luxury Brand of the Year, reinforcing its position as a leader in luxury travel (learn more here).
- Recognized as one of:
 - The Top 250 Best-Managed Companies in 2024 by the Wall Street Journal (learn more here).
 - The World's Top Companies for Women in 2024 by Forbes (learn more here).
 - Europe's Diversity Leaders in 2025 by Financial Times (learn more here).

Guidance

(See "Reconciliation of Forecasted Data")

	1Q	2025	2025 Full Year				
Year over year change	Current Dollars	Constant Currency	Current Dollars	Constant Currency			
Net yields	Approx. 3.5%	Approx. 4.6%	Approx. 3.2%	Approx. 4.2%			
Adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD	Approx. 2.4%	Approx. 3.4%	Approx. 2.7%	Approx. 3.7%			

			2025		
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Full Year
ALBDs (in millions) (a)	23.6	24.3	24.6	23.9	96.3
Capacity growth compared to prior year	2.5 %	3.4 %	(2.5)%	(0.0)%	0.8 %

(a) See "Notes to Statistical Information"

	1Q 2025	Full Year 2025
Fuel consumption in metric tons (in millions)	0.7	2.9
Fuel cost per metric ton consumed (excluding European Union Allowance ("EUA"))	\$ 616	\$ 617
Fuel expense (including EUA expense) (in billions)	\$ 0.45	\$ 1.89
Depreciation and amortization (in billions)	\$ 0.66	\$ 2.77
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest and interest income (in billions)	\$ 0.38	\$ 1.50
Adjusted EBITDA (in billions)	Approx. \$1.04	Approx. \$6.6
Adjusted net income (in millions)	Approx. \$1	Approx. \$2,305
Adjusted earnings per share - diluted (a)	Approx. \$0.00	Approx. \$1.70
Weighted-average shares outstanding - basic	1,309	1,312
Adjusted weighted-average shares outstanding - diluted (a)	1,316	1,402

(a) Diluted adjusted earnings per share includes the add-back of dilutive interest expense related to the company's convertible notes of \$71 million for full year 2025. The add-back expense is antidilutive to the first quarter of 2025 calculation and accordingly has been excluded.

Currencies (USD to 1)	1	Q 2025	Full Year 2025
AUD	\$	0.64 \$	0.64
CAD	\$	0.70 \$	0.70
EUR	\$	1.05 \$	1.05
GBP	\$	1.26 \$	1.26

Sensitivities (impact to adjusted net income (loss) in millions)	1Q	2025 Full	Year 2025
1% change in net yields	\$	39 \$	190
1% change in adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD	\$	26 \$	109
10% change in fuel cost per metric ton (excluding EUA)	\$	45 \$	178
100 basis point change in variable rate debt (including derivatives)		— \$	48
1% change in currency exchange rates	\$	4 \$	25

Capital Expenditures

For full year 2025, newbuild capital expenditures are \$1.1 billion and non-newbuild capital expenditures are \$2.5 billion. These future capital expenditures will fluctuate with foreign currency movements relative to the U.S. Dollar. In addition, these figures do not include potential stage payments for ship orders that the company may place in the future.

Conference Call

The company has scheduled a conference call with analysts at 10:00 a.m. EST (3:00 p.m. GMT) today to discuss its earnings release. This call can be listened to live, and additional information including the company's earnings presentation and debt maturities schedule, can be obtained via Carnival Corporation & plc's website at www.carnivalcorp.com and <a href="https://

Carnival Corporation & plc is the largest global cruise company, and among the largest leisure travel companies, with a portfolio of world-class cruise lines – AIDA Cruises, Carnival Cruise Line, Costa Cruises, Cunard, Holland America Line, P&O Cruises (Australia), P&O Cruises (UK), Princess Cruises, and Seabourn.

Additional information can be found on www.carnivalcorp.com, <a href="www

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Cautionary Note Concerning Factors That May Affect Future Results

Some of the statements, estimates or projections contained in this document are "forward-looking statements" that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions with respect to us, including some statements concerning future results, operations, outlooks, plans, goals, reputation, cash flows, liquidity and other events which have not yet occurred. These statements are intended to qualify for the safe harbors from liability provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements other than statements of historical facts are statements that could be deemed forward-looking. These statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about our business and the industry in which we operate and the beliefs and assumptions of our management. We have tried, whenever possible, to identify these statements by using words like "will," "may," "could," "should," "would," "believe," "depends," "expect," "goal," "aspiration," "anticipate," "forecast," "project," "future," "intend," "plan," "estimate," "target," "indicate," "outlook," and similar expressions of future intent or the negative of such terms.

Forward-looking statements include those statements that relate to our outlook and financial position including, but not limited to, statements regarding:

- Pricing
- · Booking levels
- Occupancy
- Interest, tax and fuel expenses
- Currency exchange rates
- Goodwill, ship and trademark fair values
- Liquidity and credit ratings
- Investment grade leverage metrics
- Estimates of ship depreciable lives and residual values
- Adjusted net income (loss)

- Adjusted EBITDA
- Adjusted EBITDA per ALBD
- Adjusted earnings per share
- Adjusted free cash flow
- Net debt to adjusted EBITDA
- Net per diems
- Net yields
- Adjusted cruise costs per ALBD
- Adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD
- Adjusted return on invested capital

Because forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, there are many factors that could cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements. This note contains important cautionary statements of the known factors that we consider could materially affect the accuracy of our forward-looking statements and adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial position. These factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Events and conditions around the world, including geopolitical uncertainty, war and other military actions, pandemics, inflation, higher fuel prices, higher interest rates and other general concerns impacting the ability or desire of people to travel could lead to a decline in demand for cruises as well as have significant negative impacts on our financial condition and operations.
- Incidents concerning our ships, guests or the cruise industry may negatively impact the satisfaction of our guests and crew and lead to reputational damage.
- Changes in and non-compliance with laws and regulations under which we operate, such as those relating to health, environment, safety and security, data privacy and protection, anti-money laundering, anti-corruption, economic sanctions, trade protection, labor and employment, and tax may be costly and lead to litigation, enforcement actions, fines, penalties and reputational damage.
- Factors associated with climate change, including evolving and increasing regulations, increasing global concern about climate change and the shift in climate conscious consumerism and stakeholder scrutiny, and increasing frequency and/or severity of adverse weather conditions could have a material impact on our business.
- Inability to meet or achieve our targets, goals, aspirations, initiatives, and our public statements and disclosures regarding them, including those related to sustainability matters, may expose us to risks that may adversely impact our business.
- Cybersecurity incidents and data privacy breaches, as well as disruptions and other damages to our principal offices, information technology operations and system networks and failure to keep pace with developments in technology have adversely impacted and may in the future materially adversely impact our business operations, the satisfaction of our guests and crew and may lead to fines, penalties and reputational damage.
- The loss of key team members, our inability to recruit or retain qualified shoreside and shipboard team members and increased labor costs could have an adverse effect on our business and results of operations.
- Increases in fuel prices, changes in the types of fuel consumed and availability of fuel supply may adversely impact our

- scheduled itineraries and costs.
- We rely on suppliers who are integral to the operations of our businesses. These suppliers and service providers may be unable to deliver on their commitments, which could negatively impact our business.
- Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates may adversely impact our financial results.
- Overcapacity and competition in the cruise and land-based vacation industry may negatively impact our cruise sales, pricing and destination options.
- Inability to implement our shipbuilding programs and ship repairs, maintenance and refurbishments may adversely impact our business operations and the satisfaction of our guests.
- We require a significant amount of cash to service our debt and sustain our operations. Our ability to generate cash depends on many factors, including those beyond our control, and we may not be able to generate cash required to service our debt and sustain our operations.
- Our substantial debt could adversely affect our financial health and operating flexibility.

The ordering of the risk factors set forth above is not intended to reflect our indication of priority or likelihood. Additionally, many of these risks and uncertainties are currently, and in the future may continue to be, amplified by our substantial debt balance incurred during the pause of our guest cruise operations. There may be additional risks that we consider immaterial or which are unknown.

Forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as a prediction of actual results. Subject to any continuing obligations under applicable law or any relevant stock exchange rules, we expressly disclaim any obligation to disseminate, after the date of this document, any updates or revisions to any such forward-looking statements to reflect any change in expectations or events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statements are based.

Forward-looking and other statements in this document may also address our sustainability progress, plans, and goals (including climate change- and environmental-related matters). In addition, historical, current, and forward-looking sustainability- and climate-related statements may be based on standards and tools for measuring progress that are still developing, internal controls and processes that continue to evolve, and assumptions and predictions that are subject to change in the future and may not be generally shared.

CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLC CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS) (UNAUDITED) (in millions, except per share data)

		Three Months Ended November 30,			Twelve Months Ended November 30,			
		2024	2023		2024		2023	
Revenues								
Passenger ticket	\$	3,854	\$ 3,510	\$	16,463	\$	14,067	
Onboard and other		2,084	1,886		8,558		7,526	
		5,938	5,397		25,021		21,593	
Operating Expenses								
Commissions, transportation and other		721	664		3,232		2,761	
Onboard and other		634	590		2,678		2,375	
Payroll and related		653	605		2,464		2,373	
Fuel		461	555		2,007		2,047	
Food		358	335		1,457		1,335	
Other operating		1,005	879		3,801		3,426	
Cruise and tour operating expenses		3,833	3,629		15,638		14,317	
Selling and administrative		886	788		3,252		2,950	
Depreciation and amortization		659	596		2,557		2,370	
		5,378	5,013		21,447		19,637	
Operating Income (Loss)		561	384		3,574		1,956	
Nonoperating Income (Expense)								
Interest income		16	50		93		233	
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest		(403)	(466))	(1,755)		(2,066)	
Debt extinguishment and modification costs		(1)	1		(79)		(111)	
Other income (expense), net		117	(8))	83		(75)	
		(271)	(423))	(1,659)		(2,018)	
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes		290	(39))	1,915	'	(62)	
Income Tax Benefit (Expense), Net		13	(9))	1		(13)	
Net Income (Loss)	\$	303	\$ (48)	\$	1,916	\$	(74)	
Earnings Per Share								
Basic	\$	0.23	\$ (0.04)) \$	1.50	\$	(0.06)	
Diluted	\$	0.23	\$ (0.04)	\$	1.44	\$	(0.06)	
Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding - Basic	=	1,300	1,263		1,274		1,262	
Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding - Diluted	_	1,399	1,263	_	1,398	_	1,262	
					,	_	, -	

CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLC CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED) (in millions, except par values)

	November 30,			30,
		2024		2023
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,210	\$	2,415
Trade and other receivables, net		590		556
Inventories		507		528
Prepaid expenses and other		1,070		1,767
Total current assets		3,378		5,266
Property and Equipment, Net		41,795		40,116
Operating Lease Right-of-Use Assets, Net		1,368		1,265
Goodwill		579		579
Other Intangibles		1,163		1,169
Other Assets		775		725
	\$	49,057	\$	49,120
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current Liabilities				
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	1,538	\$	2,089
Current portion of operating lease liabilities		163		149
Accounts payable		1,133		1,168
Accrued liabilities and other		2,358		2,003
Customer deposits		6,425		6,072
Total current liabilities		11,617		11,481
Long-Term Debt		25,936		28,483
Long-Term Operating Lease Liabilities		1,239		1,170
Other Long-Term Liabilities		1,012		1,105
Shareholders' Equity				
Carnival Corporation common stock, \$0.01 par value; 1,960 shares authorized; 1,294 shares issued at 2024 and 1,250 shares issued at 2023		13		12
Carnival plc ordinary shares, \$1.66 par value; 217 shares issued at 2024 and 2023		361		361
Additional paid-in capital		17,155		16,712
Retained earnings		2,101		185
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(1,975)		(1,939
Treasury stock, 130 shares at 2024 and 2023 of Carnival Corporation and 73 shares at 2024 and 2023 of Carnival plc, at cost		(8,404)		(8,449
Total shareholders' equity		9,251		6,882
	\$	49,057	\$	49,120
	*	.,,,,,,,,,,	*	17,12

CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLC OTHER INFORMATION

	No	vember	30,
OTHER BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION (in millions)	2024		2023
Liquidity	\$ 4,1	55 \$	5,392
Debt (current and long-term)	\$ 27,4	75 \$	30,572
Customer deposits (current and long-term)	\$ 6,7	79 \$	6,353

	Three Months Ended November 30,			Twelve M Nove			
STATISTICAL INFORMATION		2024		2023	2024		2023
Passenger cruise days ("PCDs") (in millions) (a)		24.6		23.6	 100.5		91.4
ALBDs (in millions) (b)		23.9		23.2	95.6		91.3
Occupancy percentage (c)		103 %	, O	101 %	105 %)	100 %
Passengers carried (in millions)		3.3		3.1	13.5		12.5
Fuel consumption in metric tons (in millions)		0.7		0.7	2.9		2.9
Fuel consumption in metric tons per thousand ALBDs		30.4		31.5	30.9		32.1
Fuel cost per metric ton consumed (excluding EUA)	\$	618	\$	759	\$ 665	\$	701
Currencies (USD to 1)							
AUD	\$	0.67	\$	0.64	\$ 0.66	\$	0.66
CAD	\$	0.73	\$	0.73	\$ 0.73	\$	0.74
EUR	\$	1.09	\$	1.07	\$ 1.09	\$	1.08
GBP	\$	1.30	\$	1.23	\$ 1.28	\$	1.24

Notes to Statistical Information

- (a) PCD represents the number of cruise passengers on a voyage multiplied by the number of revenue-producing ship operating days for that voyage.
- (b) ALBD is a standard measure of passenger capacity for the period that we use to approximate rate and capacity variances, based on consistently applied formulas that we use to perform analyses to determine the main non-capacity driven factors that cause our cruise revenues and expenses to vary. ALBDs assume that each cabin we offer for sale accommodates two passengers and is computed by multiplying passenger capacity by revenue-producing ship operating days in the period.
- (c) Occupancy, in accordance with cruise industry practice, is calculated using a numerator of PCDs and a denominator of ALBDs, which assumes two passengers per cabin even though some cabins can accommodate three or more passengers. Percentages in excess of 100% indicate that on average more than two passengers occupied some cabins.

CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLC NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

		Three Mon Novem		Twelve Mo Novem	
(in millions, except per share data)		2024	2023	 2024	2023
Net income (loss)	\$	303	\$ (48)	\$ 1,916	\$ (74)
(Gains) losses on ship sales and impairments		(33)	(34)	(39)	(88)
Debt extinguishment and modification costs		1	(1)	79	111
Restructuring expenses		1	3	21	19
Other		(86)	(10)	(86)	33
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$	186	\$ (90)	\$ 1,891	\$ 1
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest		403	466	1,755	2,066
Interest income		(16)	(50)	(93)	(233)
Income tax benefit (expense), net		(13)	24	(1)	28
Depreciation and amortization		659	596	2,557	2,370
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	1,220	\$ 946	\$ 6,110	\$ 4,231
Earnings per share - diluted (a)	\$	0.23	\$ (0.04)	\$ 1.44	\$ (0.06)
Adjusted earnings per share - diluted (a)	\$	0.14	\$ (0.07)	\$ 1.42	\$ 0.00
Adjusted weighted-average shares outstanding - diluted (a)		1,305	1,263	1,398	1,262

(a) Diluted earnings per share for full year 2024 includes the add-back of dilutive interest expense related to the company's convertible notes of \$94 million. The company's convertible notes are antidilutive for the fourth quarter of 2024 adjusted earnings per share and therefore are not included in the calculation of diluted adjusted earnings per share.

	Three Months Ended November 30,					Twelve Months Ended November 30,				
(in millions)		2024		2023		2024		2023		
Cash from (used in) operations	\$	911	\$	915	\$	5,923	\$	4,273		
Capital expenditures (Purchases of Property and Equipment)		(592)		(675)		(4,626)		(3,284)		
Proceeds from export credits		47				2,360		1,157		
Adjusted free cash flow	\$	366	\$	240	\$	3,657	\$	2,146		

(See Non-GAAP Financial Measures)

CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLC NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (CONTINUED)

Gross margin per diems and net per diems were computed by dividing the gross margin and adjusted gross margin by PCDs. Gross margin yields and net yields were computed by dividing the gross margin and adjusted gross margin by ALBDs as follows:

		Three Months Ended November 30,				Twelve Months Ended November 30,						
(in millions, except per diems and yields data)		2024		2024 Constant Currency		2023		2024		2024 Constant Currency		2023
Total revenues	\$	5,938			\$	5,397	\$	25,021			\$	21,593
Less: Cruise and tour operating expenses	Ψ	(3,833)			Ψ	(3,629)	Ψ	(15,638)			Ψ	(14,317)
Depreciation and amortization		(659)				(596)		(2,557)				(2,370)
Gross margin		1,447				1,172		6,826				4,906
Less: Tour and other revenues		(33)				(50)		(255)				(265)
Add: Payroll and related		653				605		2,464				2,373
Fuel		461				555		2,007				2,047
Food		358				335		1,457				1,335
Ship and other impairments		_				_		´ —				
Other operating		1,005				879		3,801				3,426
Depreciation and amortization		659				596		2,557				2,370
Adjusted gross margin	\$	4,550	\$	4,489	\$	4,093	\$	18,857	\$	18,782	\$	16,192
PCDs		24.6		24.6		23.6		100.5		100.5		91.4
Gross margin per diems (per PCD)	\$	58.92			\$	49.72	\$	67.90			\$	53.67
% increase (decrease)		19 %						27 %)			
Net per diems (per PCD)	\$	185.33	\$	182.86	\$	173.60	\$	187.57	\$	186.82	\$	177.13
% increase (decrease)		6.8 %		5.3 %	,)			5.9 %)	5.5 %	Ó	
ALBDs		23.9		23.9		23.2		95.6		95.6		91.3
Gross margin yields (per ALBD)	\$	60.57			\$	50.47	\$	71.43			\$	53.73
% increase (decrease)		20 %						33 %)			
Net yields (per ALBD)	\$	190.53	\$	187.98	\$	176.20	\$	197.33	\$	196.54	\$	177.34
% increase (decrease)		8.1 %		6.7 %	,)			11 %)	11 %	Ď	

(See Non-GAAP Financial Measures)

CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLC NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (CONTINUED)

Cruise costs per ALBD, adjusted cruise costs per ALBD and adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD were computed by dividing cruise costs, adjusted cruise costs and adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel by ALBDs as follows:

	Three Months Ended November 30,						Twelve Months Ended November 30,					
(in millions, except costs per ALBD data)		2024		2024 Constant Currency		2023	2024		2024 Constant Currency		2023	
Cruise and tour operating expenses	\$	3,833			\$	3,629	\$ 15,638			\$	14,317	
Selling and administrative expenses		886				788	3,252				2,950	
Less: Tour and other expenses		(39)				(42)	(212)				(231)	
Cruise costs		4,680				4,375	18,678				17,035	
Less: Commissions, transportation and other		(721)				(664)	(3,232)				(2,761)	
Onboard and other costs		(634)				(590)	(2,678)				(2,375)	
Gains (losses) on ship sales and impairments		33				34	39				88	
Restructuring expenses		(1)				(3)	(21)				(19)	
Other		_					_				_	
Adjusted cruise costs		3,356		3,329		3,153	12,786		12,750		11,969	
Less: Fuel		(461)		(461)		(555)	(2,007)		(2,007)		(2,047)	
Adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel	\$	2,895	\$	2,868	\$	2,597	\$ 10,780	\$	10,743	\$	9,922	
ALBDs		23.9		23.9		23.2	95.6		95.6		91.3	
Cruise costs per ALBD	\$	195.95			\$	188.31	\$ 195.45			\$	186.57	
% increase (decrease)		4.1 %					4.8 %					
Adjusted cruise costs per ALBD	\$	140.53	\$	139.38	\$	135.70	\$ 133.80	\$	133.42	\$	131.08	
% increase (decrease)		3.6 %		2.7 %			2.1 %		1.8 %	Ď		
Adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD	\$	121.22	\$	120.08	\$	111.80	\$ 112.81	\$	112.42	\$	108.67	
% increase (decrease)		8.4 %		7.4 %			3.8 %		3.5 %	Ó		

(See Non-GAAP Financial Measures)

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We use non-GAAP financial measures and they are provided along with their most comparative U.S. GAAP financial measure:

Non-GAAP Measure	U.S. GAAP Measure	Use Non-GAAP Measure to Assess
Adjusted net income (loss), adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA per ALBD	Net income (loss)	Company Performance
 Adjusted earnings per share 	 Earnings per share 	 Company Performance
 Adjusted free cash flow 	 Cash from (used in) operations 	 Impact on Liquidity Level
 Net debt to adjusted EBITDA 	_	 Company Leverage
Net per diems	 Gross margin per diems 	 Cruise Segments Performance
Net yields	 Gross margin yields 	 Cruise Segments Performance
 Adjusted cruise costs per ALBD and adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD 	Gross cruise costs per ALBD	Cruise Segments Performance
Adjusted ROIC	_	 Company Performance

The presentation of our non-GAAP financial information is not intended to be considered in isolation from, as a substitute for, or superior to the financial information prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. It is possible that our non-GAAP financial measures may not be exactly comparable to the like-kind information presented by other companies, which is a potential risk associated with using these measures to compare us to other companies.

Adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted earnings per share provide additional information to us and investors about our future earnings performance by excluding certain gains, losses and expenses that we believe are not part of our core operating business and are not an indication of our future earnings performance. We believe that gains and losses on ship sales, impairment charges, debt extinguishment and modification costs, restructuring costs and certain other gains and losses are not part of our core operating business and are not an indication of our future earnings performance.

Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA per ALBD provide additional information to us and investors about our core operating profitability, including on a per ALBD basis, by excluding certain gains, losses and expenses that we believe are not part of our core operating business and are not an indication of our future earnings performance as well as excluding interest, taxes and depreciation and amortization. In addition, we believe that the presentation of adjusted EBITDA provides additional information to us and investors about our ability to operate our business in compliance with the covenants set forth in our debt agreements. We define adjusted EBITDA as adjusted net income (loss) adjusted for (i) interest, (ii) taxes and (iii) depreciation and amortization. There are material limitations to using adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA does not take into account certain significant items that directly affect our net income (loss). These limitations are best addressed by considering the economic effects of the excluded items independently and by considering adjusted EBITDA in conjunction with net income (loss) as calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Adjusted free cash flow provides additional information to us and investors to assess our ability to repay our debt after making the capital investments required to support ongoing business operations and value creation as well as the impact on the company's liquidity level. Adjusted free cash flow represents net cash provided by operating activities adjusted for capital expenditures (purchases of property and equipment) and proceeds from export credits that are provided for related capital expenditures. Adjusted free cash flow does not represent the residual cash flow available for discretionary expenditures as it excludes certain mandatory expenditures such as repayment of maturing debt.

<u>Net debt to adjusted EBITDA</u> provides additional information to us and investors about our overall leverage. We define net debt to adjusted EBITDA as total debt less cash and cash equivalents excluding a minimum cash balance divided by twelve-month adjusted EBITDA.

Net per diems and net yields enable us and investors to measure the performance of our cruise segments on a per PCD and per ALBD basis. We use adjusted gross margin rather than gross margin to calculate net per diems and net yields. We believe that adjusted gross margin is a more meaningful measure in determining net per diems and net yields than gross margin because it reflects the cruise revenues earned net of only our most significant variable costs, which are travel agent commissions, cost of

air and other transportation, certain other costs that are directly associated with onboard and other revenues and credit and debit card fees.

Adjusted cruise costs per ALBD and adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD enable us and investors to separate the impact of predictable capacity or ALBD changes from price and other changes that affect our business. We believe these non-GAAP measures provide useful information to us and investors and expanded insight to measure our cost performance. Adjusted cruise costs per ALBD and adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD are the measures we use to monitor our ability to control our cruise segments' costs rather than cruise costs per ALBD. We exclude gains and losses on ship sales, impairment charges, restructuring costs and certain other gains and losses that we believe are not part of our core operating business as well as excluding our most significant variable costs, which are travel agent commissions, cost of air and other transportation, certain other costs that are directly associated with onboard and other revenues and credit and debit card fees. We exclude fuel expense to calculate adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel. The price of fuel, over which we have no control, impacts the comparability of period-to-period cost performance. The adjustment to exclude fuel provides us and investors with supplemental information to understand and assess the company's non-fuel adjusted cruise cost performance. Substantially all of our adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel are largely fixed, except for the impact of changing prices once the number of ALBDs has been determined.

Adjusted ROIC provides additional information to us and investors about our operating performance relative to the capital we have invested in the company. We define adjusted ROIC as the twelve-month adjusted net income (loss) before interest expense and interest income divided by the monthly average of debt plus equity minus construction-in-progress, excess cash, goodwill and intangibles.

Reconciliation of Forecasted Data

We have not provided a reconciliation of forecasted non-GAAP financial measures to the most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures because preparation of meaningful U.S. GAAP forecasts would require unreasonable effort. We are unable to predict, without unreasonable effort, the future movement of foreign exchange rates and fuel prices. We are unable to determine the future impact of gains and losses on ship sales, impairment charges, debt extinguishment and modification costs, restructuring costs and certain other non-core gains and losses.

Constant Currency

Our operations primarily utilize the U.S. dollar, Australian dollar, euro and sterling as functional currencies to measure results and financial condition. Functional currencies other than the U.S. dollar subject us to foreign currency translational risk. Our operations also have revenues and expenses that are in currencies other than their functional currency, which subject us to foreign currency transactional risk.

Constant currency reporting removes the impact of changes in exchange rates on the translation of our operations plus the transactional impact of changes in exchange rates from revenues and expenses that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency.

We report adjusted gross margin, net yields, net per diems, adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel and adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD on a "constant currency" basis assuming the current periods' currency exchange rates have remained constant with the prior periods' rates. These metrics facilitate a comparative view for the changes in our business in an environment with fluctuating exchange rates.

Examples:

- The translation of our operations with functional currencies other than U.S. dollar to our U.S. dollar reporting currency results in decreases in reported U.S. dollar revenues and expenses if the U.S. dollar strengthens against these foreign currencies and increases in reported U.S. dollar revenues and expenses if the U.S. dollar weakens against these foreign currencies.
- Our operations have revenue and expense transactions in currencies other than their functional currency. If their functional currency strengthens
 against these other currencies, it reduces the functional currency revenues and expenses. If the functional currency weakens against these other
 currencies, it increases the functional currency revenues and expenses.